Fiscal Year 2024

October 2023 - September 2024



Mike Moran, Sarasota County Tax Collector

This report is also available at www.SarasotaTaxCollector.com

Tourist development information is confidential pursuant to Section 213.053 F.S. and is not subject to Florida Public Records Law, Section 119.07 F.S.

HISTORY

In June 1992, the Sarasota County Tax Collector assumed responsibility for collection of approximately 700 accounts paying the local option tourist development tax previously collected by the Florida Department of Revenue. Local collection offered several advantages including an increase in revenue, an increase in the number and accuracy of accounts, and a much quicker distribution of tax revenue to the County.

- By 1995 accounts increased 85% to 1,300 representing 5,000 rental units
 - dollars collected increased 19.1% to \$2.9 million
 - audit assessments/tax actions increased by 70% resulting in \$55,386
 - monies distributed 60% faster; 30-day distribution vs. 90 day

On April 1, 1997, the tax increased from 2% to 3%.

July 1, 2003 to October 31, 2003 – Under the state authorized Amnesty Program, taxpayers had a one-time opportunity to voluntarily pay back taxes with no penalty and at a reduced interest rate. Thirty-seven new accounts resulted from this program. However, only one account was a voluntary disclosure, and the other 36 accounts were identified by Tax Collector staff.

October 1, 2005 – New computer system resolved zip code problem that existed in prior fiscal years' location reports (zip codes that spanned both incorporated and unincorporated areas). With the new system, collections are reported through a city code tied to each account rather than the old reports which relied on zip codes.

November 2006 – Implemented a "Tax Tipline" for anonymous referrals.

On May 1, 2007, the tax increased from 3% to 4%.

September 30, 2008 – Collections exceeded \$10 million for the first time.

On May 1, 2010, the tax increased from 4% to 4.5%.

February 2011 – A one-time settlement of \$200,145.63 is paid directly to Sarasota County because of a class action lawsuit against several online travel companies.

On May 1, 2011, the tax increased from 4.5% to 5%.

September 30, 2014 – Collections exceeded \$15 million for the first time.

September 30, 2016 – Collections exceeded \$20 million for the first time.

September 30, 2021 – Collections exceeded \$31 million for the first time.

September 30, 2022 - Collections exceeded \$40 million for the first time.

On October 1, 2022, the tax increased from 5% to 6%.

August 2024 – Implemented online tax reporting and payment acceptance.

FISCAL YEAR 24 COLLECTIONS

OVERVIEW

Fiscal year 2024 collections, for rental months October 2023 – September 2024, totaled \$48,374,443.78 which represents a decrease of 3.24% over the prior year.

March had the highest dollars collected with nearly \$7.88 million, followed by February with almost \$6.03 million and January with nearly \$5.61 million.

It is important to note that the monthly tourist tax returns reflect only the dollars collected. Therefore, it is unknown whether variances in taxes collected are due to changes in room rates, occupancy, or a combination of both. (See pages B1 – B3.)

ACCOUNTS & TYPES

As of 12/31/24, there were 7,477 accounts. Compared to 2023, the number of accounts was down 2.82%. Condos make up the largest portion of accounts at 70.90%, followed by houses at 22.58%. (See pages B4-B5.)

ACCOUNT REVENUE

For the seventh year in a row, hotels/motels were the leading source of account revenue, generating 38.64% of collections, followed by condos at 30.71%. Combined, hotels/motels and condos made up 69.35% of the tourist tax collected. The remaining collections were from online platforms at 22.34%, houses at 5.49%, apartments at 2.46%, campsites at .26% and manufactured homes at .11%. (See pages B6 – B8.)

ACCOUNT LOCATIONS

Account locations are reported for the municipalities, Siesta Key, unincorporated county, consolidated and online platforms. This information is continually updated and therefore managed accounts shift by location as updates are received. Consolidated accounts (typically those handled by property managers, single owners of multiple units, etc.) are reported separately because units may be located in multiple areas. For example, a realtor may manage rentals on Siesta Key and in the City of Sarasota. If the consolidated account falls wholly into one area, it is included in the report under that location. If the rentals managed are in multiple locations, it is reported under consolidated. Units for online platforms are located throughout Sarasota County, and due to the nature of the collection agreements with each online platform, specific unit locations are unknown.

FISCAL YEAR 24 COLLECTIONS (continued)

Traditionally, the City of Sarasota and Siesta Key are the locations with the highest collections. For FY24, as of 12/31/24, Siesta Key generated the highest percentage of collections at 26.86% (compared to 25.39% in FY23), followed by City of Sarasota with collections of 24.72% (compared to 26.43% in FY23). The next highest was Online Platforms at 22.34% followed by Sarasota Unincorporated at 13.54%.

The remaining breakdown is Longboat Key at 7.65%, Venice at 3.67%, North Port at .84% and Consolidated at .39%. (See pages B9 – B12.)

ENFORCEMENT

EXISTING ACCOUNTS

- Delinquent Accounts Each month, every account that does not file a return is contacted and most delinquent accounts are resolved within 30 days. Delinquent accounts include those that have no activity but did not file a "zero" return, as well as accounts that are paid late. The number of delinquent accounts has remained consistently low over the last several years. Most late payments are collected the following month, so when comparing collections from the prior year, it is often more meaningful to wait one month before doing such comparisons.
- Warrants Filing warrants is one of the tools used on properties with unresolved delinquencies, closings or receiverships. Warrants are not satisfied until full payment is made. When working with non-compliers or late payers, a successful strategy has been to send a certified mail warning that the property will be posted unless the taxes are paid. This warning method has yielded excellent results over the past years. Working with all non-compliers and late payers resulted in no warrants filed in FY24. There are currently three outstanding warrants.
- Clerk of the Court Audits An audit determines that revenue categorized as tax exempt, mandatory pet fees, cleaning service fees and processing/booking fees should be reported as taxable rental receipts. Currently, there are two audits pending.

ENFORCEMENT (continued)

NEW ACCOUNTS

Identifying new accounts is an ongoing and multi-faceted effort. When new accounts are identified that owe taxes for prior periods, they are assessed back taxes plus any penalties and interest that are due.

Below are some key methods used to generate new accounts:

- Internal resources Leads are generated through the collection of other taxes such as property tax. Information about the tourist development tax is included in various mailings.
- Internet Internet sites generate many leads but can be very time consuming to identify the owner/location of the property. In working these referrals, findings have shown that the majority of the accounts identified were already paying the tax or did not owe the tax. Reasons for not owing the tax include being located in another county, renting for longer than six months, or no longer renting. As new accounts are identified, they are added to the roll and any back tax is collected. If multiple new accounts are found from a particular area, concentrated enforcement efforts are conducted in that community. Websites searched regularly include Evolve, OwnerDirect.UK, Tripping.com and Bookings.com. These websites often do not list owner information or address; therefore, tools such as the Property Appraiser's website and Sarasota County GIS mapping are used to identify the property address based on advertised photos.
- Community focus Referral letters are sent advising property owners that tourist development tax is owed on all short-term rentals of six months or less. If a unit is available as a short-term rental, the property owner is required to complete the registration to remit tourist development tax. If the unit is not being offered as a short-term rental or is rented for six months or more, an affidavit is available for the property owner's completion. In 2024, 692 referral letters were sent to owners across the county that potentially owed tourist tax. The primary concentration included several communities with a focus on condominiums. In these areas, properties were researched and cross-referenced with the tourist tax roll. Those without a current account were contacted by letter/email and followed up by phone, correspondence and/or visit. In cases where the unit was not rented, the owner was educated about the tax in the event of a possible future rental.

ENFORCEMENT (continued)

- Consolidated updates "Consolidated" accounts are management companies that file one return for the multiple properties they service. Management companies are asked to keep their lists of properties current and provide updates or changes as they become available. While updating the tourist tax roll, accounts that are no longer being managed as part of a consolidated group are then contacted. For owners renting units themselves, this provides an excellent opportunity to educate the owner about their responsibility to collect and remit the tax. In 2024, 354 letters were sent to accounts no longer being managed under a consolidated account.
- Public referrals Another important resource are referrals from the public. These
 referrals typically come from owners who are already paying the tax but suspect a
 neighbor who is not doing so. Thirty-six referrals were received in 2024. The Tax
 Tipline generated twenty-nine online referrals plus 3 emails. Additionally, three were
 received from the Property Appraiser's Office and one by Sarasota County Code
 Enforcement.
- Florida Department of Revenue Registration Information Sharing and Exchange (RISE)

 Since tourist tax information is confidential pursuant to Section 213.053 F.S., RISE authorizes tourist tax account information to be shared between the Tax Collector and the Department of Revenue (DOR). This office works with the local office of the DOR as well as the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Property Appraiser in sharing information and cooperating on cases. For the year, 132 referral letters were sent from information in the DOR file.

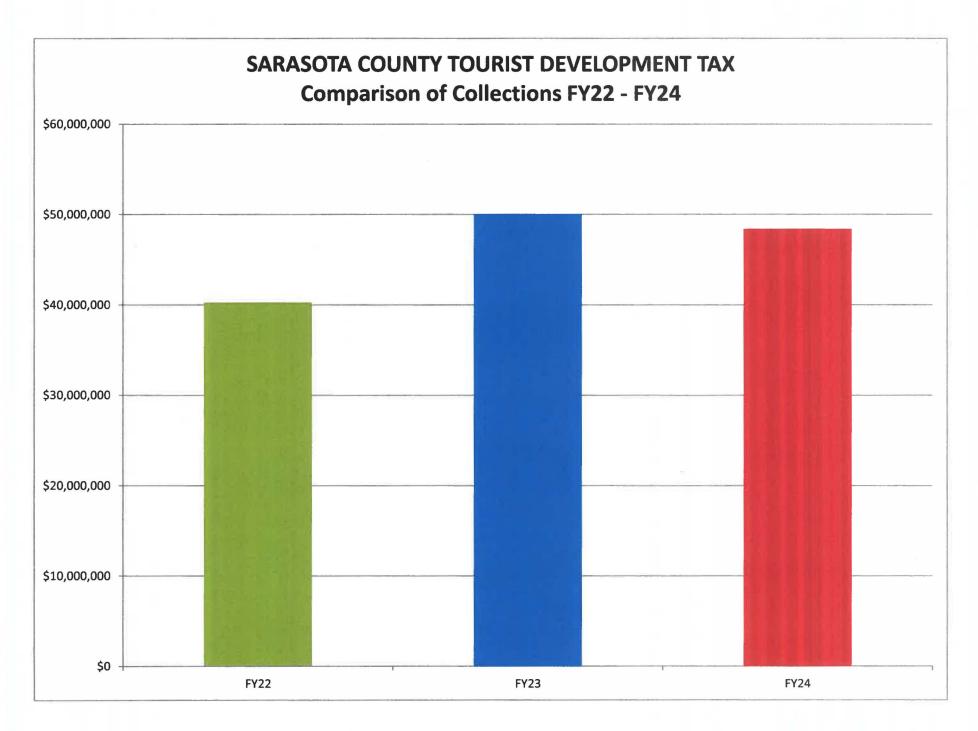
RESOURCES

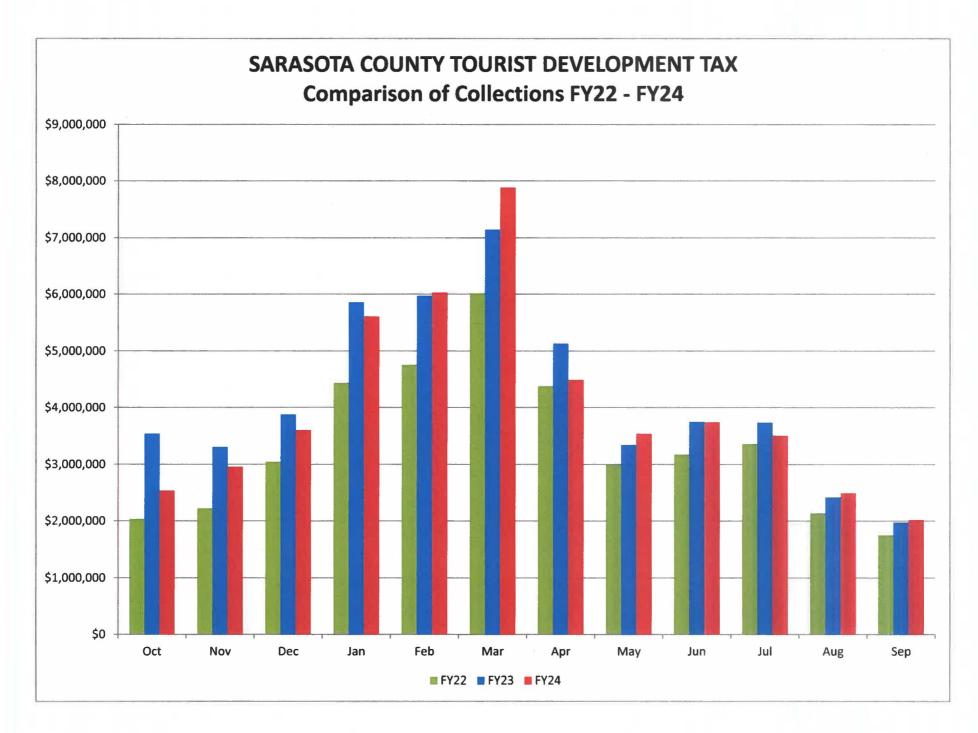
- FTDTA Florida Tourist Development Tax Association is comprised of Tax Collectors, Clerks of Court, County Comptrollers, and other officials involved in the collection, enforcement, and auditing of tourist taxes. The purpose of the association is education and best practices in areas of auditing, bankruptcy, collections and enforcement. The FTDTA has an annual conference and a website at www.ftdta.org.
- FTCA The Florida Tax Collectors Association provides the opportunity to share ideas regarding the tourist tax at the annual conference and at regional enforcement coalition meetings.
- Local Area Chambers of Commerce Attending chamber meetings provides the
 opportunity to share information and answer questions about the requirements to
 collect and remit the tax with the business community at large.

ONGOING & FUTURE PLANS

- Continue enforcement efforts to find new accounts and educate taxpayers about the tourist development tax.
- Outreach to home/condo owners' associations to speak about the requirements to collect the tourist development tax.
- Continue to promote the "Tax Tipline" and include it in future mailings. Anonymous tips can be submitted at www.sctc.tax/tipline or 941.861.8393.
- Monitor potential legislation affecting tourist tax through resources such as NACCTFO (National Association of County Collectors, Treasurers and Finance Officers), NACo (National Association of Counties), and FTCA.

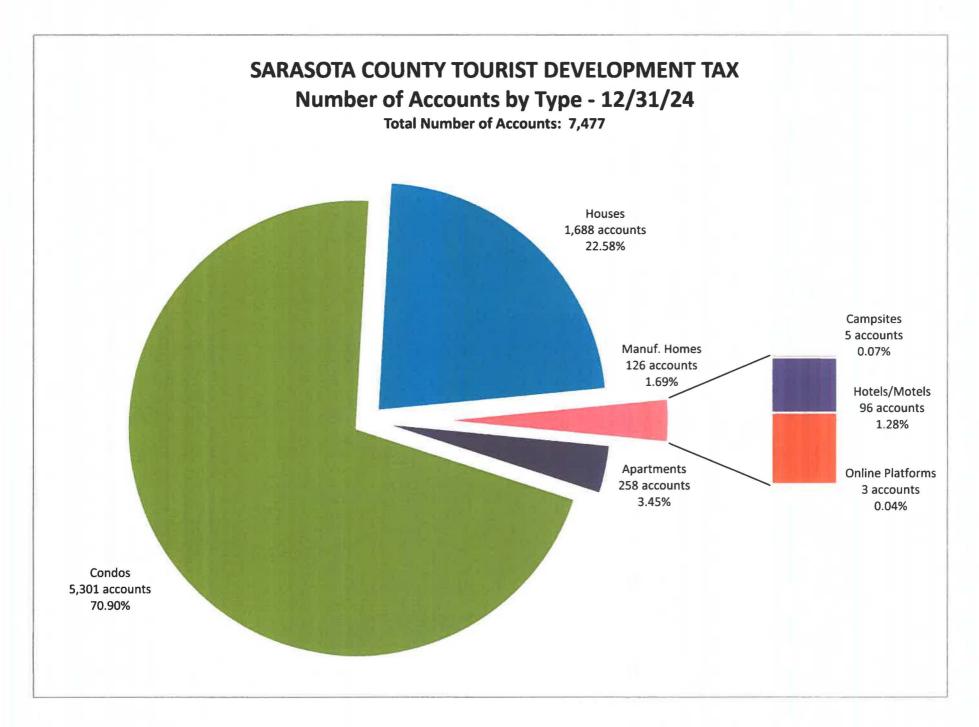
Revenue Comparison of FY22 - FY24 Collections through 12/31/24					
	FY22	FY23	FY24	% Change FY23 to FY24	
October November December January February March April May June July August September	2,032,704.20 2,220,599.20 3,042,102.87 4,435,445.96 4,762,086.89 6,012,320.19 4,380,930.52 2,996,370.95 3,170,525.78 3,354,262.83 2,134,134.44 1,743,539.49	3,301,807.42 3,874,923.26 5,853,773.71 5,967,620.22 7,138,249.79 5,130,792.51 3,337,583.00 3,741,430.65 3,728,941.33 2,419,195.01	2,955,277.93 3,596,238.00 5,606,650.12 6,026,394.18 7,877,760.25 4,493,514.63 3,533,959.00 3,735,676.17 3,501,703.85 2,492,723.45	-10.50% -7.19% -4.22% .98% 10.36% -12.42% 5.88% 15% -6.09% 3.04%	
TOTALS	40,285,023.32	49,996,721.17	48,374,443.78	-3.24%	





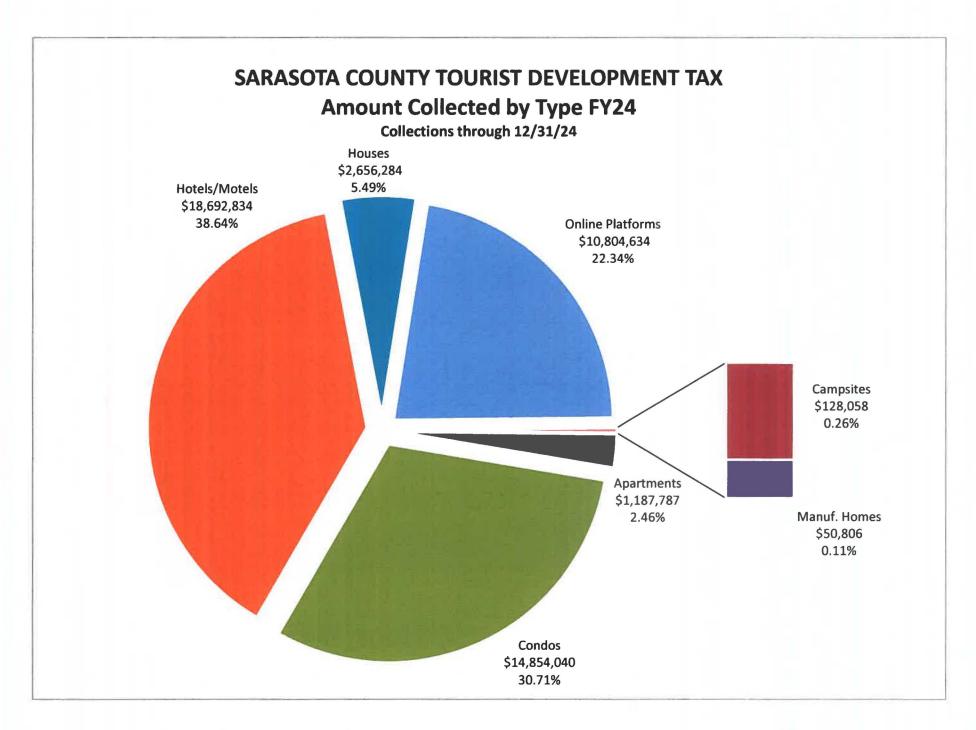
SARASOTA COUNTY TOURIST DEVELOPMENT TAX Number of Accounts by Type

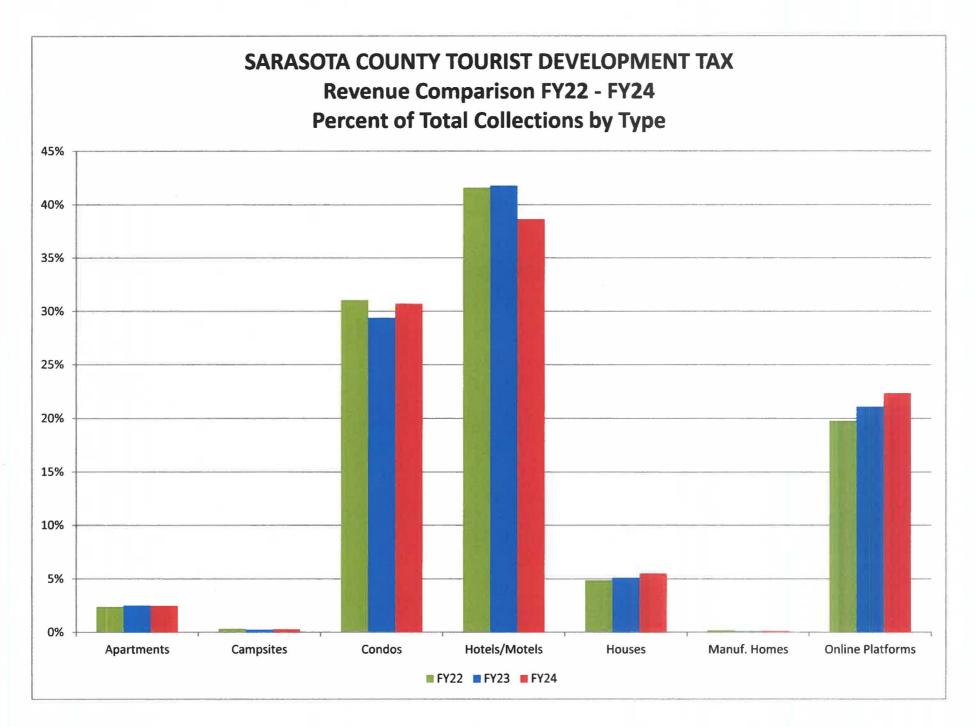
	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2024
Apartments	272	273	258
Campsites	5	5	5
Condos	5,392	5,486	5,301
Hotels/Motels	94	95	96
Houses	1,642	1,681	1,688
Manuf. Homes	164	151	126
Online Platforms	3	3	3
TOTAL	7,572	7,694	7,477
+/- prior year		1.61%	-2.82%



SARASOTA COUNTY TOURIST DEVELOPMENT TAX Revenue Comparison by Type FY22 - FY24

				+/- change
	FY22	FY23	FY24	last 2 years
Apartments	\$950,626	\$1,233,605	\$1,187,787	-3.71%
Campsites	\$118,927	\$107,803	\$128,058	18.79%
Condos	\$12,502,308	\$14,689,273	\$14,854,040	1.12%
Hotels/Motels	\$16,741,810	\$20,869,486	\$18,692,834	-10.43%
Houses	\$1,953,180	\$2,537,157	\$2,656,284	4.70%
Manuf. Homes	\$56,482	\$39,442	\$50,806	28.81%
Online Platforms	\$7,961,690	\$10,519,954	\$10,804,634	2.71%
TOTAL	\$40,285,023	\$49,996,721	\$48,374,444	-3.24%
+/- over prior year		24.11%	-3.24%	





SARASOTA COUNTY TOURIST DEVELOPMENT TAX Collections by Location FY22 - FY24

	FY22	FY23	FY24	TOTAL
Longboat Key	3,312,609.22	3,750,025.85	3,700,991.54	\$10,763,626.6
zongoodt ney	8.22%	7.50%	7.65%	7.76
North Port	291,038.19	441,250.98	405,129.93	\$1,137,419.1
North For	0.72%	0.88%	0.84%	\$1,137,419.1 0.82
Sarasota City	11.006.202.50	12 214 602 24	14 050 705 70	63C 950 C04 9
Sarasota City	11,086,202.59 27.52%	13,214,693.24 26.43%	11,958,705.38 24.72%	\$36,259,601.2 26.15
Sarasota				
Unicorporated	5,398,655.78 13.40%	7,087,190.61 14.18%	6,549,789.25 13.54%	\$19,035,635.6 13.73
Siesta Key	10,434,787.16 25.90%	12,693,389.87 25.39%	12,992,463.03 26.86%	\$36,120,640.0 26.05
		20.00%	2010070	
Venice	1,599,139.77 3.97%	2,077,905.29 4.16%	1,774,441.44 3.67%	\$5,451,486.5 3.93
	3.3770	4.10%	3.0770	3.3.
Consolidated	200,900.68	212,311.28	188,289.52	\$601,501.4
	0.50%	0.42%	0.39%	0.43
Online Platforms	7,961,689.93	10,519,954.05	10,804,633.69	\$29,286,277.6
	19.76%	21.04%	22.34%	21.12
GRAND TOTALS	\$40,285,023.32	\$49,996,721.17	\$48,374,443.78	\$138,656,188.
				100.00

